



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Mid-Term Examination (2023-24)

Class: VIII

Sub: MATHEMATICS

Max Marks: 80

Date: 01/10/23

Set - 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

Instructions:

Section A: Multiple Choice Question (Q.1 to Q.15) & Source-based Question (Q.16)

Section B: Short Answer Questions of 2 marks each (Q.17 to Q.21)

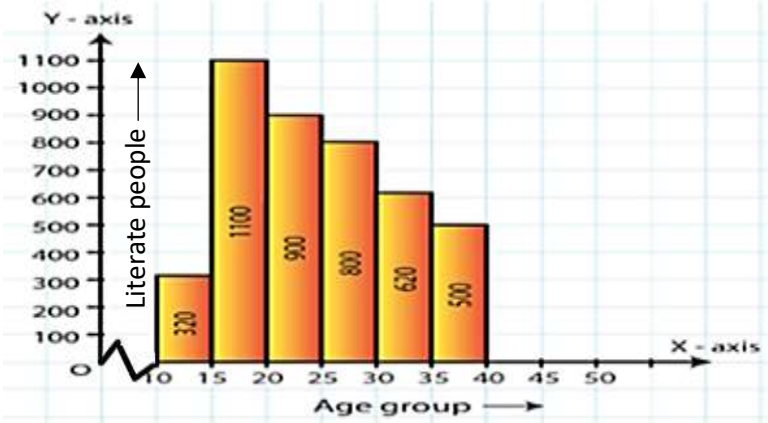
Section C: Long Answer Questions (Type – 1) of 3 marks each (Q.22 to Q.26)

Section D: Long Answer Questions (Type – 2) of 4 marks each (Q.27 to Q.31)

& Case study Question (Q.32 to Q.34) of 5 marks each.

Section A: Multiple Choice Question (Q.1 to Q.15) of 1 mark each							
1.	Express the thickness of the soap bubble 0.00001275m in the standard form.						
A	$1.275 \times 10^{-5}m$	B	$1.275 \times 10^{-7}m$	C	$12.75 \times 10^{-5}m$	D	1.275×10^5m
2.	What is the multiplicative inverse of $(19)^{-5}$?						
A	$\left(\frac{-1}{19}\right)^5$	B	$\frac{1}{19}$	C	$(-19)^{-5}$	D	$(19)^5$
3.	In the class interval (35 – 45), 45 is called as the_____.						
A	Upper limit	B	Lower limit	C	Range	D	Frequency
4.	Simplify: $(-2)^7 \div (-2)^3$ and express the result in power notation with a positive exponent.						
A	$(-2)^3$	B	$(-2)^4$	C	$(2)^3$	D	$(-2)^{-10}$
5.	What is the measure of the sum of all interior angles of a convex polygon with seven sides?						
A	180°	B	540°	C	630°	D	900°

6.	Which of the following rational numbers lies between $-\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$?							
A	$\frac{2}{6}$	B	$-\frac{1}{6}$	C	$\frac{3}{6}$	D	$-\frac{5}{3}$	
7.	Prime factorization of a perfect square number, N is given below. Which set of numbers should be in the place of A and B respectively? $N = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 11 \times 11 \times 13 \times A \times B$							
A	7 and 13	B	7 and 2	C	3 and 11	D	10 and 12	
8.	Name the property of the rational numbers illustrated by the mathematical expression $\frac{5}{11} \times \left(\frac{2}{7} + \frac{-3}{7} \right) = \left(\frac{5}{11} \times \frac{-3}{7} \right) + \left(\frac{5}{11} \times \frac{2}{7} \right)$							
A	Commutativity	B	Associativity	C	Identity	D	Distributivity	
9.	The number of pencils in Kitty's box is 6 more than twice the number of rulers in it. If the number of pencils in her box is P and the number of rulers is R, which of the following is true?							
A	$6R = P$	B	$P + 6 = 2R$	C	$2R + 6 = P$	D	$6P = R$	
10.	Choose the Rational number equivalent to $-\frac{2}{5}$.							
A	$\frac{2}{10}$	B	$\frac{2}{5}$	C	$-\frac{20}{50}$	D	$-\frac{12}{15}$	
11.	What will be the unit digit of the square root of the 4489?							
A	1,9	B	3,7	C	3,9	D	1,7	
12.	Find the measure of an exterior angle of a regular polygon of 6 sides.							
A	90°	B	60°	C	50°	D	75°	

13.	Simplify: $\sqrt{24 + \sqrt{144}}$							
A	$\sqrt{30}$	B	6	C	$\sqrt{306}$	D	$\sqrt{168}$	
14.	How many consecutive odd numbers starting from 1, have to be added to get 64?							
A	8	B	5	C	2	D	10	
15.	Which of these describes a trapezium?							
A	The diagonals are equal.	B	The diagonals bisect each other	C	The diagonals are perpendicular	D	A pair of opposite sides is parallel	
Q16.	Source-based Question -5 Marks							
I	Write the age group in which the number of literate people is the highest.							
A	15 - 20	B	20 - 25	C	25 - 30	D	30 - 35	
II	What is the class width of each group?							
A	10	B	5	C	15	D	25	
III	What is the frequency in the age group 30 - 35?							
A	1100	B	800	C	620	D	320	
IV	In which age group the literate people are the least?							
A	15 - 20	B	10 - 15	C	25 - 30	D	30 - 35	
V	Find the total literate population above the age of 20 years?							
A	1980	B	1820	C	2820	D	4440	

Section B: Short Answer Questions (Type – 1) of **2** marks each (Q.17 to Q.21)

17.	Find the value of $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-2}$
18.	Calculate the missing value of "x" in the following expression: $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{3x} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{17}$
19.	Find a Pythagorean triplet whose smallest member is 10.
20.	The sum of two-fifths of a number and 46 is 110. Find the number.
21.	By using appropriate property, Find the value of: $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{-4}{5} + \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{9}{5}$.

Section C: Long Answer Questions (Type – 1) of **3** marks each (Q.22 to Q.26)

22.	Simplify: $\frac{4^{-3} \times a^{-5} \times b^{-4}}{4^{-5} \times a^{-8} \times b^3} \quad (a, b \neq 0)$
23.	Solve the linear equation and find the value of variable x: $8x + 4 = 3(x - 1) + 17$
24.	Find the square root of 1369 by the Division method.
25.	Represent $\frac{-3}{4}$, 0 , $\frac{1}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{2}$ on the same number line.
26.	In a quadrilateral, the angles A, B, C and D are in the ratio 1 : 2 : 3 : 4. Find the measure of each angle of the quadrilateral.

Section D: Long Answer Questions (Type – 2) (Q.27 to Q.31) of **4** marks each
& Case study (Q.32 to Q.34) of **5** marks each

27.	Insert 4 rational numbers between $\frac{-1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{5}$.
28.	The present ages of Anu and Raj are in the ratio 4:5. After 5 years their ages will add to 64 years. Find their present ages.
29.	Find the smallest whole number by which 1575 should be multiplied to get a perfect square number, also find the square number so obtained.

30.	A school has formed 4 clubs to conduct various co-curricular activities. Students were told they could join the club of their choice. Draw a pie chart for the given information.	Club name	Number of students
		Math Club	60
		Eco Club	45
		Drama Club	45
		Readers Club	30
Total		180	

31. In a parallelogram ABCD, sides BC extended to point G. Find values of w , x , y , and z from the given figure.

32. **Case Study-1**

Sally and her friends created a banner in the shape of a parallelogram for an inter-school competition on the topic "SAVE WATER". The banner looks like the figure given below:
Based on the given information answer the following questions:

- If $\angle A = (4x + 30^\circ)$ and $\angle B = 70^\circ + x$. Find the measure of 'x'.
- If $AB = 2y - 3$ and $CD = 5\text{cm}$, then what is the value of 'y'?
- Name the special parallelogram with equal four sides and equal angles.

33.

Case Study-2

For the Children's Day special assembly, Class VII and Class VIII, together consisting of 912 students, had to be seated in the multipurpose hall in such a way that there were equal numbers of students in each row as there were rows in the hall. However, some children were left without a seat in the MP hall. Based on the given information, answer the following questions:

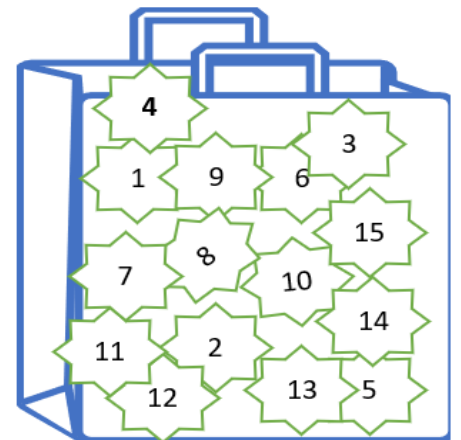


1. How many students did not get a seat in the MP hall?
2. The Students were holding right-angled triangle shaped flags with sides of 6 cm and 8 cm. Find length of the longest side of the flag.
3. How many natural numbers lie between $(18)^2$ and $(19)^2$?

34.

Case Study-3

Students of Class VIII tried to understand the concept of probability, they made 15 cards in which numbers from 1 to 15 are written and put them into a bag. A card is taken out from the bag at random. Based on the given information, answer the following questions:



1. List numbers on selected cards that are divisible by 3. Find probability of the event.
2. List the outcomes and find the probability of getting a prime number smaller than 10.
3. The letters that make up the word MATH are placed in a bowl. What is the probability of selecting the letter "A"?

ANSWER KEY

Section A: Multiple Choice Question (Q.1 to Q.15) of 1 mark each

1.	Express the thickness of the soap bubble 0.00001275m in the standard form.						
A	$1.275 \times 10^{-5}m$						
2.	What is the multiplicative inverse of 19^{-5} ?						
						D	19^5
3.	In the class interval (35 – 45), 45 is called as the						
A	Upper limit						
4.	Simplify: $(-2)^7 \div (-2)^3$ and express the result in power notation with a positive exponent.						
		B	$(-2)^4$				
5.	What is the measure of the sum of all interior angles of a convex polygon with seven sides?						
						D	900°
6.	Which of the following rational numbers lies between $\frac{-1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$?						
		B	$\frac{-1}{6}$				
7.	Prime factorization of a perfect square number, N is given below. Which set of numbers should be in the place of A and B respectively? $N = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 11 \times 11 \times 13 \times A \times B$						
A	7 and 13						
8.	Name the property of the rational numbers illustrated by the mathematical expression $\frac{5}{11} \times \left(\frac{2}{7} + \frac{-3}{7}\right) = \left(\frac{5}{11} \times \frac{-3}{7}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{11} \times \frac{2}{7}\right)$						
						D	Distributivity
9.	The number of pencils in Kitty's box is 6 more than twice the number of rulers in it. If the number of pencils in her box is p and the number of rulers is r, which of the following is true?						
				C	$2r + 6 = p$		
10.	Choose the rational number equivalent to $\frac{-2}{5}$.						
				C	$\frac{-20}{50}$		
11.	What can possibly be the unit digit of the square root of the 4489?						
		B	3 or 7				
12.	Find the measure of an exterior angle of a regular polygon of 6 sides.						
		B	60°				

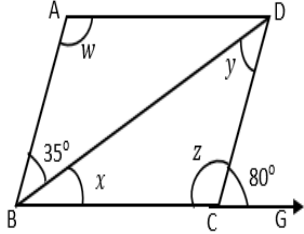
13.	Simplify: $\sqrt{24 + \sqrt{144}}$						
			B	6			
14.	How many consecutive odd numbers starting from 1, have to be added to get 64?						
	A	8					
15.	Which of these describes a trapezium?						
						D	A pair of opposite sides is parallel
Q16.	Source-based Question -5 Marks						
	The following histogram shows the literate population in a particular town of the age group of 10 to 40 years:						
I	Write the age group with the highest number of literate people.						
	A	15 - 20					
II	What is the class width of each group?						
			B	5			
III	What is the frequency in the age group 30 - 35?						
					C	620	
IV	In which age group the literate people are the least?						
			B	10 - 15			
V	Find the total literate population above the age of 20 years?						
					C	2820	
Section B: Short Answer Questions (Type – 1) of 2 marks each (Q.17 to Q.21)							
17.	Find the value of $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-2}$ $(3)^2 + (5)^2 + (4)^2$ -----1 mark $9 + 25 + 16 = 50$ ----- 1 mark						
18.	Calculate the missing value of "x" in the following expression: $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{3x} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{17}$ Compare powers $2 + 3x = 17$ -----1 mark $3x = 17 - 2$ ----- ½ mark						

	$X = 15/3 = 5$ ----- 1/2 mark
19.	Find a Pythagorean triplet whose smallest member is 10. $2m = 10$ $m = 10/2 = 5$ ----- 1/2 + 1/2 mark $m^2 + 1 = 5^2 + 1 = 25 + 1 = 26$ ----- 1/2 mark $m^2 - 1 = 5^2 - 1 = 25 - 1 = 24$ ----- 1/2 mark
20.	The sum of two-fifths of a number and 46 is 110. Find the number. Let the number be x $\frac{2}{5}x + 46 = 110$ ----- 1 mark $\frac{2}{5}x = 110 - 46 = 64$ ----- 1/2 mark $x = 64 \times \frac{5}{2} = 160$ ----- 1/2 mark
21.	By using appropriate property, Find the value of: $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{-4}{5} + \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{9}{5}$. $\frac{3}{8} \times (\frac{-4}{5} + \frac{9}{5})$ ----- 1 mark $\frac{3}{8} \times (\frac{-4+9}{5})$ 1/2 mark $\frac{3}{8} \times (\frac{5}{5})$ $= \frac{3}{8}$ 1/2 mark
Section C: Long Answer Questions (Type – 1) of 3 marks each (Q.22 to Q.26)	
22.	Simplify: $\frac{4^{-3} \times a^{-5} \times b^{-4}}{4^{-5} \times a^{-8} \times b^3}$ ($a, b \neq 0$) $4^{-3-(-5)} \times a^{-5-(-8)} \times b^{-4-3}$ ----- applying 3 laws- 1 1/2 marks $4^{-3+5} \times a^{-5+8} \times b^{-7}$ 1/2 mark $2^{2 \times 2} \times a^3 \times b^{-7}$ 1/2 mark $(2)^4 \times a^3 \times b^{-7}$ ----- 1/2 mark
23.	Solve the linear equation and find the value of variable x: $8x + 4 = 3(x - 1) + 17$ $8x + 4 = 3x - 3 + 17$ 1 mark $8x - 3x = 14 - 4$ 1 marks $5x = 10$ 1/2 mark $x = \frac{10}{5} = 2$ 1/2 mark

<p>24.</p>	<p>Find the square root of 1369 by the Division method.</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 37 \\ \overline{)1369} \\ \underline{9} \\ 469 \\ \underline{469} \\ 0 \end{array} $	<p>Grouping in pair -----1/2 mark First sq. no 3^2 as 9 ---- 1/2 mark Second step ----- 1/2 mark Find no. on right of 6 (7) ----- 1 mark Final ans -----1/2 mark</p>									
<p>25.</p>	<p>Represent $-\frac{3}{4}, 0, \frac{1}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{2}$ on the same number line. Number line -----1 mark Each number 1/2 mark</p>										
<p>26.</p>	<p>In a quadrilateral, the angles A, B, C and D are in the ratio 1 : 2 : 3 : 4. Find the measure of each angle of the quadrilateral. $x + 2x + 3x + 4x = 360$ 1 mark $x = 360/10 = 36$ 1/2 mark $2x = 2 \times 36 = 72, 3x = 3 \times 36 = 108, 4x = 4 \times 36 = 144$ ----- 1/2 mark each</p>										
<p>Section D: Long Answer Questions (Type – 2) (Q.27 to Q.31) of 4 marks each & Case study (Q.32 to Q.34) of 5 marks each</p>											
<p>27.</p>	<p>Insert 4 rational numbers between $-\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{5}$. Finding LCM(4, 5) = 20 ----- 1 mark Writing equivalent RN $-\frac{5}{20}$ and $\frac{4}{20}$ -----1 mark $-\frac{4}{20}, -\frac{3}{20}, -\frac{2}{20}, -\frac{1}{20}, 0, \frac{1}{20}, \frac{2}{20}, \frac{3}{20}$ any 4 -----1/2 mark each</p>										
<p>28.</p>	<p>The present ages of Anu and Raj are in the ratio 4:5. After 5 years their ages will add to 64 years. Find their present ages. Let age of Anu</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="191 1318 889 1444"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Present age</th> <th>Age after 5 years</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Anu</td> <td>4x</td> <td>4x + 5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Raj</td> <td>5x</td> <td>5x + 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;">-----1 mark</p> <p>$4x + 5 + 5x + 5 = 64$ ----- 1 mark $9x = 64 - 10$ 1/2 mark $x = 54/9 = 6$ 1/2 mark Anu = $4 \times 6 = 24,$ Raj = $5 \times 6 = 30$ 1 mark</p>			Present age	Age after 5 years	Anu	4x	4x + 5	Raj	5x	5x + 5
	Present age	Age after 5 years									
Anu	4x	4x + 5									
Raj	5x	5x + 5									
<p>29.</p>	<p>Find the smallest whole number by which 1575 should be multiplied to get a perfect square number, also find the square number so obtained. $1575 = 5 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$ ----- 2 1/2 mark(each division 1/2 mark) Smallest whole number = 7 ----- 1 mark Square number 11025 -----1/2 mark</p>										
<p>30.</p>	<p>A school has formed 4 clubs to conduct various co-curricular activities. Students were told they could</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Club name</th> <th>Number of students</th> <th>Angles</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Math Club</td> <td>60</td> <td>120</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Club name	Number of students	Angles	Math Club	60	120			
Club name	Number of students	Angles									
Math Club	60	120									

join the club of their choice. Draw a pie chart for the given information. Drawing circle -----1 mark Finding Central angle 1 mark Each sector $\frac{1}{2}$ each	Eco Club	45	90
	Drama Club	45	90
	Readers Club	30	60
	Total	180	

31. In a parallelogram ABCD, sides BC extended to point G. Find values of w, x, y, and z from the given figure.



$z + 80 = 180$ -----LP
 $z = 100$ ----- 1 mark
 $w = z = 100$ (opposite angle of parallelogram are equal) ----- 1 mark
 $y = 35$ (alternate angle) -----1 mark
 $x + y + z = 180$ (angle sum of triangle)
 $x = 180 - 135 = 45$ -----1mark

32. Case Study-1:
 Sally and her friends created a banner in the shape of a parallelogram for a inter-school competition on the topic of "SAVE WATER" as shown in the figure:
 Based on the given information answer the following questions:

- If $\angle A = (4x + 30^\circ)$ and $\angle B = 70^\circ + x$. Find the measure e of 'x'.
 $\angle A + \angle B = 180$ (adjacent angle of $\parallel gm = 180$)
 $4x + 30^\circ + 70^\circ + x = 180^\circ$ ----- (1 mark)
 $5x = 180 - 100 = 80$ ----- $\frac{1}{2}$ mark
 $x = 80/5 = 16$ $\frac{1}{2}$ mark
- If $AB = 2y - 3$ and $CD = 5$ cm, then what is the value of 'y'?
 $2y - 3 = 5$ (opposite sides are equal $\parallel gm$) -----1 mark
 $2y = 5 + 3 = 8$ $\frac{1}{2}$ mark
 $= 8/2 = 4$ $\frac{1}{2}$ mark
- Name the special parallelogram with equal four sides and equal angles.
 Square -----1 mark

33. Case Study-2
 For the Children's Day special assembly, Class VII and Class VIII, together consisting of 912 students, had to be seated in the multipurpose hall in such a way that there were equal numbers of students in each row as there were rows in the hall. However, some children were left without a seat in the MP hall.
 Based on the given information, answer the following questions:

- How many students did not get a seat sit in the MP hall?
 Find sq. root with division method -----1mark
 Getting reminder as 12 1mark
- The Students were holding flags which was in the shape of right-angled triangle with sides of 6 cm and 8 cm. Find length of the longest side of the flag.

	<p>Using Pythagoras theorem. theorem $6^2 + 8^2 = \text{side}^2$ 1 mark $36 + 64 = 100$ $\frac{1}{2}$ mark Side = 10 cm $\frac{1}{2}$ mark 3. How many natural numbers lie between 18^2 and 19^2? $2 \times 18 = 36$ ----- 1 mark</p>
<p>34.</p>	<p>Case Study-3 Students of Class VIII tried to understand the concept of probability, they made 15 cards in which numbers from 1 to 15 are written and put them into a bag. A card is taken out from the bag at random. Based on the given information, answer the following questions:</p> <p>4. List numbers on selected cards that are divisible by 3. Find probability. No divisible by 3 = 3, 6, 9, 12, 15 -----1 mark $P = \frac{5}{15} = \frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ mark</p> <p>5. List the outcomes and find probability of getting a prime number smaller than 10. Outcomes = 2, 3, 5, 7 ----1 mark $P = \frac{4}{15}$ 1 mark</p> <p>6. The letters that make up the word MATH are placed in a bowl. What is the probability of selecting the letter "A"? $P = \frac{1}{4}$ ----- 1 mark</p>

***** The end*****